

# THE HARTFORD HERALD.

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"Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

38th YEAR.

## BALTIMORE WILL BE MAP'S CENTER

This Week, and There'll Be Much Doing.

## FIGHT OVER THE RINGMASTER

Will Be First Feature of the Big Show, Then Other Things.

## WANT PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM

Baltimore, June 22.—That the Democratic National Committee will ratify the selection of Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, as temporary chairman of the Democratic National Convention was the statement made to-day by National Committeemen who led the successful fight on the Arrangement Committee to name the former Democratic Presidential candidate from New York.

William J. Bryan will be here Sunday to lead the fight against Judge Parker. In the meantime friends of Mr. Bryan say they will canvass the National Committeemen as they arrive to ascertain if the choice of the Arrangement Committee can be set aside by the full committee.

Both sides agree that the fight will be carried to the convention floor, and that it will come within a few minutes after National Chairman Mack has called the convention to order next Tuesday.

Aherents of Judge Parker here state the National Committee has already been canvassed by them and that it will oppose Mr. Bryan as it did last winter when an attempt was made to unseat J. M. Guffey, of Pennsylvania.

Members of the National Committee, following the leadership of Mr. Bryan, say the issue is simply progressivism against conservatism, and assert that the first vote of the convention will show that the progressives are in control.

It was learned to-day that the New York delegation purposes to take no small interest in the making of the party platform, but until the arrival of the New York leaders, National Committeemen here were not prepared to say what planks the New Yorkers desire incorporated in the platform.

The Arrangement Committee met again to-day to consider minor details in connection with the convention.

Tariff reform, election of United States Senators by the people, income tax and regulation of the trusts are four things that J. Bruce Kremer, National Committeeman from Montana, is urging should be included in the Democratic platform.

"We must have a live candidate if we expect to carry Montana," added the Western leader. "The State has had a Democratic Governor since 1889, with the exception of a four-year-term, but Presidential elections there have always been close."

M. A. Miller, National Committeeman from Oregon, bespoke a "thorough progressive platform" upon his arrival to-day. "We want a thorough progressive platform just as much as we want a candidate of that kind," said he.

A little variety will be given the convention by the presence of a negro as a delegate. He is said to be coming from Colorado, and his participation will mark the first appearance of a man of that race as one of the component parts of a Democratic National Convention.

Persistent reports to-day that the leaders of the movement to secure the Presidential nomination for Speaker Clark had determined to align themselves with the so-called conservatives to bring about the final selection of Judge Alton B. Parker for temporary chairman, were credited by several National Committeemen to-day, though nothing official in the way of confirmation was obtainable. National Committeeman Martin J. Wade, of Iowa, who voted for the selection of Senator-elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, yesterday for temporary chairman, said he knew nothing of any alignment that would bring the Clark and the Parker people together in a fight against Bryan and the

Wilson delegates on the temporary chairmanship.

A movement to abrogate the rule requiring a vote of two-thirds of the delegates of the Democratic National Convention to bring about a nomination has been accelerated by National Committeeman John T. McGraw, of West Virginia, who has prepared a resolution which he will submit to the National Committee for consideration before it is brought up on the floor of the coming convention. Mr. McGraw's resolution provides for the abrogation of the two-thirds rule in future conventions of the Democratic party.

## INTERESTING BALL GAME

SIMMONS VS. McHENRY

Simmons and McHenry base ball teams crossed bats at Simmons Sunday morning before a large crowd. The game was interesting from start to finish. Thirty-six Simmons batters faced the pitcher; 9 reached first base, 5 scored and 4 were left on base. Thirty-four McHenry batters faced the pitcher; 7 reached first base, 2 scored and 5 were left on bases. The score was 5 to 2 in favor of Simmons. The following is the score by innings:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 — R  
Simmons . 0 0 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 — 5  
McHenry . 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 — 2

Batteries: Fulkerson and Geary, C. Smith, Wilson and T. Smith and Maddox.

## CHAIRMANSHIP FIGHT BONE OF CONTENTION

At Baltimore and Bryan Looms Large as Possible Candidate for President.

Baltimore, June 24.—All hope of averting a fight from the fall of the gavel in the Democratic National Convention vanished to-night when the National Committee approved the selection of former Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, as temporary chairman in defiance of the threat of William Jennings Bryan to make an issue of the alleged conservatism of Judge Parker as opposed to the progressivism which the distinguished Nebraskan declares should prevail.

An effort was made by the National Committee to placate Mr. Bryan, but a conference resulted in complete failure. Mr. Bryan would not recede from the position he had taken, and to-night prepared to make his fight from the floor of the convention to-morrow to rally the progressives to his standard in opposition to Judge Parker.

Mr. Bryan announced to-day that if no other good progressive could be prevailed upon to make the race he would enter the field himself as the opponent of Judge Parker.

The Nebraskan, three times the candidate of his party for the Presidency, stood out to-day as the dominant figure in the convention. All contingencies of the future, including the nomination of a Presidential candidate, seemed to hinge upon what he should do. The impression continued to be more marked that Mr. Bryan might himself be the ultimate Presidential nominee. Some of his friends to-night declared that he would be voted for in the convention whether formally placed in nomination or not, and they expressed the belief that he would win if the voting should go to a fourth or fifth ballot.

Mrs. Sallie Bennett Dead.

Mrs. Sallie Bennett, 85 years old, widow of the late Nathan Bennett, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Joe Wallace, last Thursday morning at 4 o'clock. After funeral services conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, her remains were interred in the Beata cemetery, Friday at 11 o'clock a.m.

Mrs. Bennett had been a member of the M. E. Church, South, for about seventy years.

### Notice.

Creen River District Union A. S. of E. will meet in regular quarterly session at Fordville, Ohio county, on Thursday, July 4th, at 9 a. m. All Local Unions in the district should be represented by at least one delegate, and all members of county executive boards, together with District Board members, should attend this convention.

J. B. Holland, President.

In the absence of Gov. McCrory from the State, Lieut. Gov. Edward J. McDermott is Acting Governor.

## TAFT AND SHERMAN CHOSEN TO LEAD

### Republican Forces, After Bitter Convention.

## RIOTOUS "DOINGS" RAMPANT

### Roosevelt Forces Declined to Have Any Part in the Proceedings.

## SHERMAN HAD NO OPPONITION

Chicago, June 22.—With nearly 350 Roosevelt delegates declining to vote and hastening away at the adjournment to tender to Col. Roosevelt the nomination of a new party, the fifteenth Republican National Convention, at the end of a long and tumultuous session to-night, renominated William Howard Taft President and James Schoolcraft Sherman Vice President.

Taft received 561 out of 1,078 votes, or 21 more than a majority.

The decision of the Roosevelt people to refrain from voting left no other candidate near the President.

The announcement of the Taft victory was greeted by cheers from his adherents, and groans and hisses from the opposition.

All of the candidates for Vice President dropped out of the race, leaving the field clear for Sherman.

The convention proceeded to business with dispatch after the opening. The actions of the national committee and the credentials committee on the contests were ratified by the convention, which seated the delegates, in accordance with a majority report of the credentials committee.

As soon as the rules were reported, a Taft delegate moved that they be tabled. The same action was taken with the majority report, and under the rules of the 1908 convention.

Then former Vice President Fairbanks read the report of the committee on resolutions, which drafted the platform. The vote on this was significant, as it displayed the Roosevelt strength in their determination not to recognize the convention as legal.

The platform was adopted, 666, aye; 53, no; 243 present and not voting, and 16 absent.

Quite a stir was caused when thirty-four delegates from Ohio declined to vote. Cummins' ten votes in Iowa and LaFollette's twenty-six in Wisconsin voted "No," as did North Dakota's ten. Missouri's thirty-six went "Aye."

Those not voting were considered as supporting Roosevelt's independent movement. They included two in Alabama, twenty-six in California, six in Indiana, eighteen in Kansas, twelve in Maine, nine in Illinois, eight in Michigan, twenty-four in Minnesota, three in Mississippi, sixteen in Nebraska, twenty-eight in New Jersey, five in New York, twelve in North Carolina, thirty-four in Ohio, fifteen in Oklahoma, two in Oregon, sixty-three in Pennsylvania, three in South Carolina, ten in South Dakota, one in Tennessee, eight in Texas, two in Vermont, one in Virginia, fourteen in Massachusetts, and sixteen in West Virginia.

LaFollette's draft of the platform was introduced as the minority report and tabled.

During the proceedings the chair recognized H. J. Allen, of Kansas, who read Roosevelt's declaration that he no longer recognized the convention as legal or a nomination binding. It started a Roosevelt demonstration, which lasted twenty-three minutes.

Disorder and fights marked every step of the proceedings. It was evident that the Roosevelt followers wanted to turn the convention into a farce. In this they were aided by the fun-loving spectators and a LaFollette delegate, who, with a tin whistle, gave the correct imitation of a steam roller whistle every time a vote started, and frequently some auditor anticipated the chairman by shouting, "The 'ayes' seem to have it." Root smiled frequently at the sallys.

Mr. O. T. O'Bannon will leave to-day for Athens, Ala., where he will engage in the cross-tie business for the L. & N. railroad.

States was passed without response until Ohio was reached. William Pendergast, of New York, declined to nominate Roosevelt. Then it was realized Iowa had passed. That State was called again, but the delegates decided not to nominate Cummins, though they would vote for him.

Former Lieut. Gov. Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, nominated Taft, but in the middle of his speech he precipitated a Taft demonstration, which he had intended to hold back for his peroration, and for sixteen minutes pandemonium reigned.

When Harding finally continued and mentioned Taft as "the greatest living progressive," a fight was started where the Florida, Oregon and North Dakota delegations touched. After the melee ended it was learned that a North Dakota delegate had struck a man named H. B. McFarland, from Tampa.

John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, and Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, of New York, seconded Taft's nomination.

Michael B. Olrich, of Wisconsin, nominated LaFollette, and R. M. Pollock, of North Dakota, seconded the nomination.

Senator Bradley did not speak.

The call of States then proceeded on the nomination of a candidate for President.

The vote resulted as follows:

Taft . . . . . 561

Poorsey . . . . . 107

Cummins . . . . . 17

LaFollette . . . . . 41

Hughes . . . . . 2

Not voting, 344.

Absent, 6.

The balloting was punctuated with retorts from the Roosevelt delegations when their States were called.

After the nomination had been declared, the band played, and the Taft delegates engaged in an enthusiastic demonstration.

Then the nominations for Vice President were called for. Gov. Hadley, of Missouri, and Gov. Deen, of Illinois, who had been mentioned, declined to accept the nomination.

The only name placed before the convention was that of Vice President Sherman. Someone, in derision, nominated Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, but he had no second. The vote resulted as follows:

Sherman . . . . . 597

Hadley . . . . . 14

Borah . . . . . 21

Howard F. Gillette . . . . . 1

Beveridge . . . . . 2

Charles W. Merriam . . . . . 20

Not voting, 352.

After naming Root as chairman of the committee to notify President Taft of his nomination, and Committeeman Devine, of Colorado, chairman to notify Sherman, and disposing of a small amount of routine business, the convention adjourned at 10:30.

## COUNTY MEETINGS OF TOBACCO ASSOCIATION

The county meetings of the Green River Tobacco Grower's Association will be held in each county on Saturday, July 6, to select delegates to attend the district meeting to be held in Owensboro on Thursday, July 11. There is nothing of special importance to be transacted at the district meeting, but reports will be made as to the progress made in the circulation of pooling pledges.

The Green River Association has been circulating pooling pledges since early in the spring, and the work already shows that there will be an increase over the amount of tobacco pooled last year.

It is stated by a representative of the American Society of Equity and Home Warehouse company that twice as much tobacco will be pooled with these societies than there was last season.

The indications are that the crop will be much larger than last year as more tobacco has already been set than was known before.

Mason--Gaines.

Last Wednesday, Custer Gaines, of Fordville, and Miss Valeria Mason, formerly of Fordville, but now of Troy, Ind., went to Rockport, Ind., and were married. They were both very popular and have many friends to wish them a long and happy wedded life. They had been sweethearts since early childhood and their marriage was no surprise to their friends.—[Fordville Argonaut.

Mr. O. T. O'Bannon will leave to-day for Athens, Ala., where he will engage in the cross-tie business for the L. & N. railroad.

## BANDANNA THE PARTY EMBLEM

### Of Teddy's New "Progressive" Organization.

## ALSO "THOU SHALT NOT STEAL"

### Included in Its "Preamble and Resolution"—Program Forming.

## PROBABLY A GAME OF BLUFF

Chicago, June 22.—Former President Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for President on an independent ticket to-night in the dying hours of the Republican national convention in which he met defeat.

His followers gathered in Orchestra hall, within a mile of the Coliseum, and pledged support to the former President.

In accepting, Col. Roosevelt appealed to the people of all sections, regardless of party affiliations, to stand with the founders of the new party, one of the cardinal principles of which shall be: "Thou shalt not steal."

This informal nomination is said to be for the purpose of effecting a temporary organization. Beginning to-morrow, when a call is to be issued for a State convention in Illinois, the work of organization will be pushed forward rapidly, State by State.

Later, probably in August, a national convention is intended.

Col. Roosevelt, in accepting the nomination, said he did so with the understanding that he would willingly step aside if a new party, when organized, should desire some other standard-bearer.

The speech nominating Roosevelt was made by Comptroller William A. Prendergast, of New York, who was to have nominated him at the Republican convention.

Dean William Draper Lewis, of the University of Pennsylvania law school, delivered the seconding speech he was to have made at the Republican convention.

Representatives of twenty-two States composed the notification committee which informed Roosevelt of his nomination and in a sense stood sponsor for the nomination.

### Bandanna the Emblem.

Chicago, June 23.—The "Progressive" party, born last night, was dedicated to-day. In the presence of perhaps five hundred men, some of them recognized leaders of the movement, others merely onlookers, the first formal step was taken.

Gov. Hiram Johnson, of California, was empowered to appoint a committee of seven members to confer with Col. Roosevelt and formulate a plan of action.

"Here is the birth of a new party," said Gov. Johnson, when this was done.

"The movement is going steadily ahead," said James R. Garfield, of Ohio. "Those who think this is a fash in the pan are mistaken."

In the opinion of the leaders, the new party enters the field with a formidable equipment. These leaders, however, said that as to the men who took a conspicuous part in the campaign for Col. Roosevelt's nomination, each must speak for himself.

No definite idea of the plan to be followed could be obtained, and it was said that a period of several weeks may elapse before the program is decided upon. Gov. Johnson in the meantime will act as field marshal and in co-operation with Col. Roosevelt will decide upon the membership of the committee of seven and guide the preliminary work of organization.

The bandanna handkerchief was adopted as the "Roosevelt battle-flag."

Most of the delegates wore flaming bandannas tied around their arms, and others were distributed by the hundreds to the crowd. The bandanna, it was explained, stands for the plain people, who ordinarily use them.

## GOING BACK TO CREATION'S DAWN

Finding Facts to Substan-  
tiate History.

### THE NILE HAS WATERED EGYPT

Three Million Years—Deductions of Experts from New Discoveries.

#### DELVING INTO THE MISTY PAST

Dr. Felix Oswald, expert on Geology and Probate Register of Nottingham, who was sent to British East Africa by the British Museum, reports that he has found conclusively evidence that the Great Lake of Victoria Nyanza has been in existence since the Miocene Age—a matter of 3,000,000 years or so. The lake is of vast extent and lies at an altitude of 4,000 feet in a mountainous region of the equator. In places it is of vast depth, the bottom probably being below sea level.

Dr. Oswald found buried on the eastern shore of the lake parts of a number of prehistoric mammals, including the jawbone and teeth of a dinothereum of the Tertiary Era, and some bones of aceratherium and anthratherium, the ancient type of rhinoceros. They were all found close to the mouth of the Kuiji or Kuya River. Other traces of fossils were unearthed at points five and fifteen miles distant, in what appeared to be the same gully.

The investigations were started close to Karungu, in what is apparently the delta of an old river which formerly ran into the lake at that point. At the top of all was a cliff of basalt, and below there was the sloping bed of the delta. The top of this bed was the ordinary black cotton soil of the district, and immediately below that were the ordinary eocustrum beds—the top one of gray clay, the second one of red clay and white sandstone, and the third one of buff sandstone and gravel.

In each bed were fresh water shells, but there were very few fossils in the top bed. There was a fair number in the second bed, but the rich finds were in the third bed.

"Our trip," says Dr. Oswald, "establishes the great age of the high lake, the Victoria Nyanza, for it is evident from the position of the old delta that the river of which it is a relic, most probably the old course of the present-day Kuiji, was running there into the lake at least as far back as the lower Miocene period."

According to the British Museum experts, the discovery of the vast age of Victoria Nyanza throws an entirely new light on the problem of human antiquity. One consequence is that civilization in Egypt may have been assumed as probably having existed from 50,000 to 1,000,000 years ago or even longer. For, they say, if Victoria Nyanza is 3,000,000 years old, the River Nile, of which it is a source, is not only of practically equal age, but has in all that almost inconceivable long period flowed in its present course of over 3,400 miles from the equator to the Mediterranean.

That means, according to the museum scientists, that the Valley of the Nile in Egypt has remained for more than 1,000,000 years in virtually its present physical state, with conditions as favorable to human occupations and human civilization a million years ago as they were 12,000 years ago, at what is called the "dawn" of Egyptian history. And, inasmuch as the Egyptian culture of 12,000 years ago was as pronounced as it is to-day, there is no way of limiting, by inference, the actual extent of its antiquity.

In the course of the ages the Victoria Nyanza may have fallen somewhat in level, with a corresponding fall in the level of the Nile in Egypt, so that in prehistoric times the people lived further back inland; so it is further inland that their monuments and other remains are to be sought. In case of most of the great lakes in the world—for example, Lake Michigan, in North America, and Lake Balkal, in Asia—marine forms of life or relics of such, have been found, proving that these lakes once had connection with the sea. Such a condition implies a very great change from present physical conditions. The Ice Age, too, is supposed to have broken the continuity of life.

Therefore the discoveries of Dr. Oswald as to the everlasting condition of Lake Victoria Nyanza are, it is said at the museum, of the utmost significance as indicating the

peculiar conditions in the Nile Valley in Egypt favorable to the development, far back in the dim past, of human civilization, there to flourish unaffected by geographic or climatic changes.

"The heat where we worked," says Dr. Oswald, "was terrific. Tsetse flies abounded, and I have seen the midges come over the lake in a cloud that obscured the sun to a dull yellow tinge, and the noise of their humming as they passed sounded like the lower C note on a pipe organ. Flying crickets as large as sparrows were common. There were ants three quarters of an inch long. But what oppressed me most was the dreadful loneliness. Strange to say, the intense hot air was stimulant of milk a day."—[London Letter to New York World.]

#### QUESTION SEEMS EASY. BUT MANY BITE AT IT

A catch query is going the rounds, the answer to which is puzzling a great many persons. To lend this small addition to the merriment of the nation, one man approaches another—a friend, of course—and says: "Now, with politicks flying through the air and with every phase of the question being taken up, I'll wager you can't tell me what our President's name was in 1865." The customary procedure is for the questioned one to ponder a moment or two and then finally to admit ignorance. "Try it on your friends," is suggested, "and then tell them that his name in 1865 was the same as it is now—William Howard Taft."

### THE OUTPUT OF GOLD IN APPALACHIAN STATES

North Carolina and Tennessee Only Ones Showing Increase Last Year.

Washington, June 20.—North Carolina retains its lead among the Appalachian States in the production of gold, according to a report of the Geological Survey. The gold recovered in 1911 was 3,399.89 fine ounces, valued at \$70,282, an increase over the production of 1910 of 108.21 ounces and of \$2,237 in value. The silver was obtained solely in refining the gold produced and amounted to 943 fine ounces, valued at \$500, a decrease of 8,110 ounces in quantity and \$4,388 in value.

In Georgia the production of gold was \$35,070 a reduction of \$532 from that of 1910.

The output in Alabama was \$18,916, a decrease of \$14,617. No placer gold was reported from Alabama in 1911, and the deep mine production was mainly derived from the Hog Mountain mine in Tallapoosa County.

In Tennessee the production was \$11,621 of gold and \$56,530 of silver. This is an increase of \$8,508 of gold and about \$15,000 of silver.

The output of gold in Virginia was \$2,176, in Pennsylvania \$9 and in South Carolina \$20,408, a decrease of \$17,916.

So far as gold is concerned, history relates that when the early Spanish explorers came to America they were shown by the Indians rich nuggets and ornaments of gold which came from the Southern Appalachian region. Some of this gold is supposed to have come from the Carolinas. In the seventh century the Spaniards mined for gold in Georgia, and at the close of the eighteenth century gold was discovered in Cabarrus county, North Carolina. In 1825 vein gold was discovered in Montgomery county, and soon afterward in Mecklenburg county, North Carolina.

The earliest records show that \$3,500 worth of gold was produced in South Carolina in 1829.

From that time until the Civil War mining was an important industry in that region, but during the war and for several years after, little mining was done.

From the seventies the condition of the industry improved.

In all about \$10,000,000 worth of yellow metal has been

mined in the Carolinas, part of it derived from placer deposits and a larger part by hard-rock mining.

#### Man Coughs and Breaks Ribs.

After a frightful coughing spell a man in Neenah, Wis., felt terrible pains in his side and his doctor found two ribs had been broken. What agony Dr. King's New Discovery would have saved him. A few teaspoonsfuls ends a late cough, while persistent use relieves coughs, expels stubborn colds or heals weak, sore lungs. "I feel sure it's a Godsend to humanity," writes Mrs. Effie Morton, Columbia, Mo., "for I believe I would have consumption to-day, if I had not used this great remedy." It's guaranteed to satisfy, and you can get a free trial bottle or 50-cent or \$1 sizes at James H. Williams.

Therefore the discoveries of Dr. Oswald as to the everlasting condition of Lake Victoria Nyanza are, it is said at the museum, of the utmost significance as indicating the

## A BIG "WAD" WAS THE BEST TICKET

To Republican Convention at Chicago.

### FIERCE SCENES AT COLISEUM Regular Credentials Scorned at Doors While "Friends" Were Admitted.

#### BRIBERY TACTICS PRACTICED

Chicago, June 19.—An ugly scandal in connection with the tickets to the Republican National Convention, hinted at yesterday, openly broke to-day when it became known to a certainty that friends of the police and politicians were being passed into the Coliseum while legitimate holders of tickets were turned away.

Among the latter were distinguished diplomats, guests of the nation, society women and others whose seats had been pre-empted by pothouse politicians.

Money secured admission to the convention to-day when regular tickets failed.

Fire department authorities took charge of the building and barred the doors after policemen and door tenders had packed the galleries with friends and bribe-givers.

Thousands of persons bearing all necessary credentials, many of them delegates, fought for places at the doors. The policemen, standing near the frenzied whose authority had superseded theirs, turned them back roughly with insults, even with jeers.

This was the record on the second day of a convention that many upon the opening day had declared the best regulated and best managed, as far as crowds are concerned, in the history of American political gatherings.

Rumors that duplicate seat tickets had been issued, and that the convention hall was filled upon the plan of "first come first served" were denied to-night by assistants of William F. Stone, Sergeant-at-Arms of the convention.

It was said that a "few more tickets than there were seats were issued," but that the number was so small it could make no material difference. The police were denounced for mismanagement.

At the main entrance to the building in Wabash avenue, there were fewer signs of bribery and other crooked methods than in the darkened alley at the rear. There policemen brought the "friends" whom they met in the street and with a wink or nod to the doorman, crowded them through the masses of men and women waiting nearby and passed them into the building with ease.

One of the most open cases of bribery was seen at the south door of Entrance J at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. A policeman brought a "friend" to the doorman and introduced him.

"Where is your ticket?" was the customary question.

"I haven't any," said the stranger. "But I—"

Here the conversation was concluded in so low a tone as to be inaudible to spectators. But a roll of bills was seen in the stranger's hand.

"You'll have to have a ticket to get in here," shouted the doorman.

The stranger stepped back and drew some more money from his pocket, placing it in his other hand, which held the roll.

Stranger and doorman then shook hands. The latter turned his back. The former hurried in. But the doorman turned and grabbed him, there was a "stage" struggle and the stranger succeeded in entering the hall.

"Ain't that annoying," said the doorman, and he thrust the hand with which he had greeted the stranger into his pocket and smiled broadly at the onlookers.

This was but one of the many instances in the alley during the late morning hours.

Fire Department authorities took charge of the building at 12 o'clock noon, and fully 100 firemen were sent to the doors with orders to bar them to all comers.

When the doors were closed there were few vacant seats in the Col-

## GREATER AND GRANDER THAN EVER!

### Great Hopkins County Fair!

MADISONVILLE

July 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Great array of running, trotting and pacing races. High class special attractions, free to all. Something going on all the time. Excursion rates on all railroads.

C. C. GIVENS, President:

J. A. FRANCEWAY, Secretary.

### FINE RECORD OF

## JOHN C. C. MAYO

New Democratic National Committeeman.

### WAS FIRST A SCHOOL TEACHER

And is At Present Rated as a Millionaire Many Times Over.

#### MADE HIS WEALTH FROM COAL.

The following interesting sketch of the rise of John C. C. Mayo from a country school teacher in the mountains of Kentucky to a position of wealth and prominence in Kentucky, which was clipped from one of our exchanges, will prove of special interest to our readers:

The new Democratic Committeeman from Kentucky is one of the most remarkable men the State has ever produced. Twenty-five years ago he was a poor school teacher in the Kentucky mountains, with no apparent chance of ever amassing wealth. To-day he is a millionaire many times over. His fortune is estimated at anywhere from \$5,000,000 to \$25,000,000. It is constantly growing. He made all his money in the Kentucky mountains and he has made it all himself. It is based on the pennies and dollars he saved out of his scanty earnings as a school teacher.

The story of Mayo's rise to wealth is one of the most interesting in the annals of American millionaires. While it is not spectacular, it is a remarkable example of what foresight and grasping of opportunity at hand may lead to.

Mayo was born 48 years ago in Paintsville, Johnson County, Ky., which is in the mountains. His parents had nothing save a livelihood, and at an early age young Mayo began to teach school.

The Kentucky mountains were full of coal, but at that time the railroads had not penetrated them at all. The coal was so far from market that it was valueless and there was no prospect that there would be a market for it.

Mayo realized the richness of the coal fields. He saw that the lands could be obtained for a little or nothing and he believed that before many years the world would need the coal lands and if he lived until the railroads came, wealth would be his.

Mayo went to work on this plan. Mountain coal lands could be bought for fifty cents an acre. Control could be secured even cheaper, through options, as the occupants of the land would sell options on immense tracts for a few dollars. Money was scarce in the mountains and the titles to the land were doubtful anyway. All the land in Eastern Kentucky had been given away at the close of the war under what were known as Virginia land grants. But as the original holders and their direct descendants had not occupied the land, settlers gradually came in, took possession, and in a few years were looked upon as the rightful holders. But there was always the possibility that heirs of the original owners would dispute their claim.

Mayo believed that the courts would decide for the settlers who had improved the land, so he bought options from them.

Mayo had made his calculations wisely and just in time. In the early nineties the development of the mountains began. Capital turned its attention to the possibilities there and the mining of coal began. Mayo was able to start mining on some of his property and acquired more land and more options. In 1901 Mayo made his first big strike when he organized the Consolidated Coal Company, with Baltimore and Pittsburgh capitalists. For his holdings which went into the company Mayo received \$250,000 and \$250,000 in stock. In a year he had organized four more companies and he had his first million.

Since that time his advance has been rapid. Associated with the Cambdens and other coal magnates, he has gone about the development of Eastern Kentucky, which is now in the first stages of a great industrial era.

For several years Mayo has been interested in Democratic State politics. Last year he came to the front as one of Gov. McCreary's chief supporters and he is now recognized as one of the most forceful Democrats in the State.

Mayo's friends believe that the abilities which have raised him from a mountain school teacher to a multi-millionaire will make him a power in the Democratic national councils.

#### Fine Subscription Offer.

The Louisville Evening Post (daily) from now until November 10, 1912, and the Hartford Herald one year, for only \$2. Subscribe now!

### RIOT IS STARTED WHEN

## A WOMAN BUYS MEAT

Kosher Butchers Return To the Former Price—Two Weeks' Strike at End.

Chicago, June 21.—Abstinence from all meats and from chicken by Jewish women has won for them and brought an end to the two week's "strike" against the kosher butchers. The loss sustained by the butchers during the riotous fortnight just ended has led them to decide to open up their shops on Sunday night and to sell kosher meat at the old prices.

"I am glad we have won," said Mrs. Clara Freedman, who has been the leader of the women. "I knew a meat strike was the only way to make the butchers listen to reason. We would rather have starved than to submit to the high prices."

While the majority of strikers have faithfully refrained from eating meat, there have been several women whose appetites got the better of their intentions, and one of these caused a small riot here. She was observed leaving a kosher meat market at Maxwell and Jefferson streets with a package of meat under her arm. A mob gathered around her and Mrs. Ida Ziat, 32 years old, snatched the meat from the woman's hands and poured kerosene over it. The police were called and arrested Mrs. Ziat. The crowd attempted to rescue her. The police were forced to draw their clubs to protect themselves.

Help the baby through the teething period by giving it McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It is a healthful, wholesome remedy, well adapted to baby's delicate stomach. It contains no opium, or morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Babies thrive under its excellent stomach and bowel correcting influence. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Hartford Drug Co., Hartford, Ky., Donovan & Co., Beaver Dam, Ky.

#### His Grounds.

By a queer trick of politics an ignorant and pompous old darky was elected Judge of a minor court in a certain Western State. In the first case over which he presided, he made a ruling so absurd that the lawyer whose case was affected by it said: "That is a very strange ruling, your Honor. Upon what grounds do you make it?"

"What grounds, does you say? Why, dese yer co-house grounds, ob coise!" replied the Judge.

#### A Card.

This is to certify that Foley's Honey and Tar Compound does not contain any opiates, any habit-forming drugs, or any ingredients that could possibly harm its users. On the contrary, its great healing and soothing qualities make it a real remedy for coughs, colds and irritations of the throat, chest and lungs. H. L. Blomquist, Esdale, Wis., says his wife considers Foley's Honey and Tar Compound the best cough cure on the market. "She has tried various kinds, but Foley's gives the best result of all." The genuine is in a yellow package. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and accept no substitute. For sale by all dealers.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

# NO TAME AFFAIR AT BALTIMORE

Event Promises To Be Very Interesting.

## LITTLE HARD TO PICK WINNER

Ollie James Not Yet Out of Race For Temporary Chairman.

### EVENT WILL BE HARMONIOUS

Baltimore, June 26.—Preliminary to the meeting to-morrow of the Arrangement Committee to select the temporary officers of the Democratic National Convention, there was further discussion to-day of the proposition to have the candidates who receive the second highest number of votes on the final ballot to accept the nomination of Vice President. National Committeeman Daniels, of North Carolina, is strongly urging this proposition to his fellow committeemen.

"Of course, all the Presidential candidates say they would not accept second place on the ticket, but what else could they say at this time?" said Committeeman Daniels, "I added that the make-up of the ticket from the geographical standpoint would be satisfactorily brought about by the adoption of the proposition."

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, emanating from Wilson and Harmon campaign headquarters, Senator-elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, is not out of the race for the temporary chairmanship. Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, and Mr. James are running neck and neck for the place. If a vote of members of the Subcommittee on Arrangements of the Democratic National Committee, who are now in the city, were taken to-day on this question, it would be a stand-off between these two men. It is true, however, that if their partisans continue their present attitude, both will be dropped and a compromise made on a third man objectionable neither to the radical nor conservative wings of the party. The National Committeemen are absolutely determined that the report of the subcommittee on the question shall be unanimous. Should it become apparent that neither Judge Parker or Mr. James could receive the unanimous support of the subcommittee for temporary chairman without any other considerations, it is quite likely that a suggestion will be made by the James adherents that one of the two be temporary chairman and the other put forward with the support of all factions for the permanent chairmanship.

If this scheme fails, some man like Senator Shiveley, of Indiana, a Democratic leader of the Senate and a supporter of Gov. Marshall, of Indiana for the Presidency, might be chosen to unite the committee. It was stated to-night that friends of Speaker Champ Clark who really favor Mr. James or National Committeeman Theodore A. Bell, of California, for temporary chairman, would be willing to lend their support to Senator Shiveley rather than stir up a row at the outset of the convention. Mr. Shiveley has a splendid voice and can make a good speech. All the pre-convention gossip to-day was about the temporary chairman. By common consent it seemed the jockeying for position on the part of Presidential candidates was suspended pending the outcome of the big fight in Chicago among the Republicans. The first question asked by each incoming delegate and boomer is, "What is the latest from Chicago?"

The present lineup on the temporary chairmanship is significant of the strength of the various candidates for presidential nomination and of the relative positions. The weakness of Judge Parker lies in the fact that he is supposed to be opposed by William J. Bryan and the radical wing of the party, the supporters of Gov. Woodrow Wilson. The weakness of Mr. James is that he is a strong Clark partisan, led the Clark fight in Kentucky and was put forward for the place by the friends of the Speaker. "We talked too much," said one of the Clark men to-day. "Otherwise the Wilson men would not have risen up and opposed James and his selection would have been cinched."

Senator O'Gorman's name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the preparation of the platform of the convention. It was said by several national committeemen that it was expected that the Senator would be selected by the New York delegation as a member of the Resolutions Committee, and

it was desirable he should be, because of a certainty that the question of a plank on the recall of the judiciary would be considered. Everything points to the adoption of a plank against the recall of judges and judicial decisions. This is a practical certainty if a third-term candidate should be nominated at Chicago. Senator O'Gorman is counted on as a former judge to take a conservative position on this question.

Senator Bankhead, of Louisiana, manager of the Presidential boom of Representative Oscar W. Underwood, was one of the prominent arrivals yesterday afternoon. He, like the other managers, sidestepped the expression of an opinion on the temporary chairmanship.

"We are not for any particular man," he said, "except that Mr. Underwood's followers will oppose strongly the selection of a man who is allied with any faction in the party. Give us a man who will make a speech for the Democratic party and not for any one candidate," and everything points to such a man if he can be found.

Another arrival was William F. McCombs, publicity manager for Gov. Wilson. He had nothing to say last night. Lieut. Gov. Nichols, of Ohio, head of the Harmon forces, got in too, as did J. Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois, who expects to be Democratic Senator from the State soon. Mr. Lewis brought with him the first real Vice Presidential boom that has hit the city. He will accept that high honor if it is tendered him.

Capt. T. V. Farrell, of New York City, arrived in Baltimore Tuesday and announced that he would be in charge the next few days of the Presidential boom of Mayor Gaynor, of New York. He was very mysterious about what would be done, but said:

"There will be lots doing in a few days."

Asked about the report that Thomas F. Ryan would come to Baltimore this week in the interest of Mayor Gaynor's candidacy, Capt. Ferrel said:

"I do not think there is anything in that. I believe Mr. Ryan is coming over to Baltimore in a day or two on business, and he may stop at a house on Cathedral street, near the Beachman Mansion, where the Gaynor boomers are to have their headquarters. Perhaps that gave rise to the report that he will work for Mayor Gaynor. Of course you never can tell what is going to happen."

The managers of the other boomers refused to take the Gaynor boom seriously. They insisted that it was being started merely to give Charles F. Murphy a place to "light" with New York's ninety votes until the time when the combination is formed that will result in the nomination of a man for the Presidency.

The headquarters of the various Presidential candidates were in full swing to-day, and the rival camps issued hourly claims of victory.

Secretary Woodson said that all the contests received so far were quite minor in character.

"All in all, I don't believe there will be more than forty seats contested," said Secretary Woodson, "and these represent perhaps half a dozen delegations. No one of them is serious."

Lieut. Gov. J. Taylor Ellison, of Virginia, the National Committeeman from that State, says that several candidates in the field will receive part of the vote cast in his State.

"Virginia will be satisfied with any good candidate," said Mr. Ellison. "The State has no candidate of its own."

Mrs. Lela Love, wife of Wiley Love, a farmer living near Covena, Ga., says: "I have taken Foley Kidney Pills and find them to be all you claim for them. They gave me almost instant relief when my kidneys were sluggish and inactive. I cheerfully recommend them to all sufferers from kidney troubles." Foley Kidney Pills are as carefully made and as scientifically compounded as any medicine your home doctor can give you. They act directly on the kidneys and bladder. For sale by all dealers, everywhere.

#### Cutting Down.

Alice—Does Edith's husband ever take her out to dinner as he did before they were married?

Kate—Oh, yes; but not to the same restaurants.

#### Helped to Keep Down Expenses.

Mrs. J. E. Henry, Akron, Mich., tells how she did so: "I was bothered with my kidneys and had to go nearly double. I tried a sample of Foley Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that bought a bottle, and they saved me a doctor's bill." For weak back, backache, rheumatism, urinary and kidney troubles, use Foley Kidney Pills. They help quickly. For sale by all dealers.

# TISSUES OF DEAD LIVE FOR MONTHS

And Then Are Joined to the Living.

## MARVELOUS DEMONSTRATIONS OF Modern Science, in Which Are Shown Wonders of Surgical Research.

### DR. CARREL TELLS OF MARVELS

At the third day's session of the American Medical Association, Dr. Alexis Carrel, of New York, who is in charge of the research work at the Rockefeller Institute at that city, told the surgical section, assembled on the Steele Pier, that any time they had occasion to use parts of a human heart, nerves, blood vessels, spleen or some of the smaller glands of the body, all they had to do was to order from the institute and they would be accommodated forthwith. The cornea of the eye, diseased parts of the various bones of the body, cartilages which have given out and need replenishing, can be had from his laboratory.

The doctor told the surgeons and physicians that it has become possible to make these parts alive after they have been removed from the body. He said that he can make these parts live and grow nine months after the life of the human body from which they have been removed has ceased. For six years these experiments have been going on and now that they have been completed and verified, the world of medicine has the opportunity to avail itself of the discovery.

Dr. Carrel began to experiment with the lower orders of animals. A piece of the heart of a chicken pulsated and was alive for as long as 104 days after it had been removed from the fowl, and microscopic examination revealed the fact that connective tissue was growing from it five months after removal.

From the chicken he turned to the guinea pig and from that to the dog; then to the horse, later to the babe and finally to man. In each case there was no failure, and step by step he improved upon the media in which he placed these tissues until he has nine methods of preserving life of structures which have been removed from the body. It is necessary to have as many of these as possible, Dr. Carrel explained, for some tissues will grow better in one medium than they will in another.

According to Dr. Carrel, the discovery practically revolutionizes the theories of animal life. Dr. Carrel says that he has proved that it is possible to transplant after death the tissues and organs which compose the body that has ceased to live, into other identical organisms. In this transfer no death of the tissues occurs and after they have been made a part of another body, the life in them continues as though it had been there from birth.

Among the media which are used to preserve these tissues are isotonic sodium chloride, diphosphate solution, Ringer's solution, defibrinated blood serum, confluent humid air and vaseline. The color and consistency of these tissues remain perfectly normal six, seven and in some cases ten months after removal. Dr. Carrel said he made microscopic examinations in every stage of his experiments and proved conclusively that life was present at every instance. He then placed them in cold storage and there they continued to live and grow and were then used to replace diseased tissues in the human body to ascertain if they would grow after they had been transplanted. Clinical reports showed conclusively that they did, so that with the experiments completed and verified, it was possible to inform the profession that the institute was prepared to supply them on short notice.

Several of the country's famous surgeons have been using these cold storage tissues for the past twelve months. Dr. John B. Murphy had occasion only recently to rush an order from Chicago to New York for a cartilage which he wanted to use in a case of knee disease that he was about to operate upon. The cartilage was shipped by express in a tiny refrigerator, arrived safely and was used. The patient recovered the use of his leg and is walking about as though he had never been troubled with it.

This advance in surgery simplifies the methods of transplantsations of skin and bone. Surgeons used to

to another. They used to scrape the leg of the dog and strap the animal to the patient, but now science has given the surgeon living skin, living bones and living glands that are most essential to life, and all he has to do is to break the seal of the refrigerator, place the part in position and it grows.—[Atlantic Telegram to the New York Sun.]

### ATTACKED HIS DAUGHTER JUST BEFORE EXECUTION

Washington, Penn., June 20.—With but a few hours to live, Jan Ribarik, condemned to die on the gallows at dawn, attempted to add another to the list of his victims by trying to strangle his daughter when she appeared at his cell to bid him good-by.

Antonia Ribarik was a witness against her father at the trial, and it is said her testimony was most damaging to her father's case. Ribarik had threatened to kill her before he was hanged, but a week ago apparently became reconciled to her.

The last morning she called to see her father, and as she stepped forward to kiss him he grasped her by the throat with both hands and was strangling her when guards beat him unconscious with an iron bar. Later he was led to the gallows and hanged, without expression of regret for his crimes or his assault upon his daughter.

Ribarik was executed for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Novak and Stephen Stanvoj, a boarder, during a quarrel caused by the Novaks sheltering Antonia Ribarik when her father turned her out of his home.

### \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### The Manless Man.

His mother is a woman.

The first person to take care of him is a female nurse.

After she gets through with him, his mother and another nurse (mostly nurse) control him. He sees his father on Saturday nights.

His school teacher is a woman.

In college he is in love with chorus girls.

When he goes into business, he spends most of the time in his office with a woman typewriter.

At dinners he sits next to women. He talks politics with women. He marries a woman.

When he dies and goes to Heaven, the first person he inquires for is—a woman.—[Life.]

### Ends Hunt For Rich Girl.

Often the hunt for a rich wife ends when the man meets a woman that uses Electric Bitters. Her strong nerves tell in a bright brain and even temper. Her peach-bloom complexion and ruby lips result from her pure blood; her bright eyes from restful sleep; her elastic step from firm, free muscles, all telling of the health and strength. Electric Bitters give a woman, and the freedom from indigestion, backache, headache, fainting and dizzy spells they promote. Everywhere they are woman's favorite remedy. If weak or ailing, try them. 50c at James H. Williams.

### Wisdom.

"A genius, Pa—"

"A genius, my son, is a person who knows enough to be able to learn something from other people."

### SEVERAL OF THE COUNTRY'S FAMOUS SURGEONS HAVE BEEN USING THESE COLD STORAGE TISSUES FOR THE PAST TWELVE MONTHS.

DR. JOHN B. MURPHY, NEW YORK CITY.

DR. JAMES H. WILLIAMS, PHILADELPHIA.

DR. FREDERIC C. DUNN, BOSTON.

DR. ROBERT H. COOPER, CHICAGO.

DR. JAMES H. WILLIAMS, LOS ANGELES.

DR. JAMES H. WILLIAMS, SAN FRANCISCO.

DR. JAMES H. WILLIAMS, SEATTLE.

DR. JAMES H. WILLIAMS, PORTLAND.

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## Men's Low Cut Shoes



We cannot suggest anything Kooler or more Komfortable for warm weather than a pair of our

### Korrect Shape Oxfords

Made over Korrect Shape models that conform to the natural lines of the human foot.

#### A Large Variety of Styles and Shapes to choose from

They cannot help but satisfy you. Ask about our Burrojaps Patent Leather. Become a KRECT SHAPE enthusiast today.

Burt & Packard Co., Makers Brockton, Mass.

We have on hand a big surplus of Men's Low Cut Shoes in Patent Leather, Gun Metal, Vici, Tans, etc., that are somewhat out of date, but are the very things you will want for ease and comfort for an every-day shoe. Our regular price on these goods was four dollars. Our price to close out the bunch is \$1.50 per pair. While we lose, you gain. Buy a pair—they will do you good. See them in our window.

## Fair & Co. THE FAIR DEALERS

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

B. Beans at U. S. Carson's, 8 1-3c  
U. S. Carson has corn for sale.

Seed Potatoes at U. S. Carson's.  
Dust danger is a real not a theoretical menace.

Mr. Andrew King, of Owensboro, was in Hartford yesterday.

While it lasts, "Bed Rock" 30c  
Coffee for 25c cash at U. S. Carson's.

Mr. S. J. Tichenor, the merchant, McHenry, was in Hartford yesterday.

Mr. J. F. Vickers, of Owensboro, has been in town the past few days on business.

Miss Alta Likens, of Beaver Dam, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bean last week.

Mr. A. V. Rowan, Hartford, Route 7, was a pleasant caller at The Herald office Monday.

Mr. J. H. Smith, Fordsville, was a pleasant caller at The Herald office Thursday.

Mr. J. Y. Hagerman, Hartford, Route 1, gave The Herald a pleasant call yesterday.

Mr. Jack Keeley, of Owensboro, spent a few hours in Hartford yesterday, on his way to Alabama.

Little Miss Edna Ward, of Hartford, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. King, of Owensboro.

Mr. Wallace W. Wedding, after a visit here to his father, Judge R. R. Wedding, left Wednesday for Denver, Col.

I have two two-three-quarter Moul Wagons I will sell for \$60 each, complete.

S. L. KING,  
Hartford, Ky.

Messrs. Sam Roberts, Fordsville, and Wayne E. Ellis, West Hartford, were among the Herald's callers yesterday.

Get the dust out of your house—it's dangerous. Use a National Vacuum Cleaner. See their ad. in another column.

Mrs. C. E. Rogers and daughters, of Elkhorn, Ky., are the guests of Mrs. Rogers' parents, Capt. and Mrs. S. K. Cox.

Mr. Darrell Sullenger, who has been engaged in the railroad construction work at Hazard, Ky., has returned home.

he has accepted a position with the Frankfort Job Printing Co. Mr. Newman is a good printer and deserves much success. His place is supplied by Mr. Arthur Petty, an old employee of The Herald.

Mrs. Luna Maples and daughter, Mrs. Antha Tatum, Hartford, Route 2, and Mr. Richard Moseley and wife, McHenry, gave The Herald pleasant calls last Friday.

Misses Mary Taylor, Alice Keown and Hattie Glenn will leave about the first of July for Chautauqua, N. Y., where they will attend the noted chautauqua at that place.

Dr. L. B. Bean is erecting a garage for the accommodation of his transfer automobiles, on Market street, at the rear of his opera house and pool room on Center street.

Mrs. J. C. Thomas and son Elijah Thomas, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. A. J. Casey, will go to Louisville to-day to spend a few days.

There were 35 applicants for county and three for State certificates at the teachers' examinations held at Fordsville last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. M. D. Burton, of Erie, Pa., who had been spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cicero Burton, of Hartford, returned home last Wednesday.

Miss Alice Taylor, who has been attending the Bryant & Stratton College at Louisville, will arrive home this week to visit her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Taylor.

Messrs. Walker and Dudley English Casey, who had been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas for the past week, will return to their home at Lebanon, Tenn., to-day.

Once more we wish to say to those who furnish items for the Herald that neighbors who visit each other, in the same town or neighborhood, is hardly considered news.

Miss Henrie Trout, one of the telephone girls at Beaver Dam, and Miss Gertrude Stevens, night operator at the Hartford exchange, honored the Herald with a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. J. C. Williams and little son John, who have been with Mr. Williams, the railroad contractor, at Hazard, Ky., the past six months, have returned to Hartford to spend the summer.

Just received a lot of wire fencing for lawn, yard or graveyard. Quality best and prices right. Call and see our goods before purchasing.

S. L. KING,  
Hartford, Ky.

Messrs. S. L. Whittaker and R. J. Tucker, Hartford, Route 7; E. L. Ashby, Hartford, Route 4; Miss Mary Rowe, city; O. P. Rains, Beaver Dam, Route 3, and Joe S. Bennett, Hartford, Route 3, were among The Herald's callers Wednesday.

Quick sales and small profits is my motto. Call and be convinced.

S. L. KING,  
Hartford, Ky.

Scientific research has proven that dust is the greatest carrier and distributor of disease germs known.

Use a National Vacuum Cleaner.

The Ohio County Telephone Co. is progressing well in bringing in and installing its line in Hartford. It will soon be in operation here.

Mr. and Mr. P. D. Tweddell, Route 3, are the parents of a fine girl that was born recently. Dr. E. B. Pendleton, attending physician.

Messrs. W. W. Duncan, of McHenry, and Alvin Rowe, Center town, were pleasant callers at The Herald office while in town Monday.

Mrs. Joe B. Leach and son Sheldon, of Plainview, Texas, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Leach, of Beaver Dam, and other relatives in the county.

Miss Irene Miller, who has been teaching in Oklahoma for some time, has arrived to spend the vacation with her mother, Mrs. Jennifer Miller.

Mr. T. J. Morton, cashier of the Island, Ky., Deposit Bank, visited his mother, Mrs. Ella Morton, here last week. His family remained for longer visit.

Mrs. Paul Woodward, of Louisville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Weaver Barnes, of the Goshen neighborhood, also friends and relatives in Hartford.

Miss Nancy Ford, brother and sister, Edward and Amy Ford, who had been on an extended visit to relatives and friends in Fordsville, have returned home.

Mrs. Della Pirle, who has been visiting Mrs. Mayworth Barnard for some time, has gone to Madisonville, where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. Leslie Hoover.

Mr. J. Mack Newman, who for nearly two years has been The Herald's ad. and job printer, left Saturday for Frankfort, Ky., where

## HARTFORD COLLEGE IS VICTIM OF THE FLAMES

### But Plans Are Already Under Way for Erection of New Building.

Just before three o'clock last Wednesday morning the historic building of Hartford College was discovered to be on fire. The blaze was first noticed by Dr. Pendleton, who lives near by and who had been out making a call. He telephoned the Hartford Ice Plant at once, its whistle was blown and a general alarm was given. Many people rushed to the spot at once with fire extinguishers, but it was seen that nothing could be saved. In a few minutes the whole building was a seething mass of flames and in a short while nothing was left only the tottering walls.

Virtually the fire started in the primary room. On the day before, the process of fumigation had been employed in all the rooms of the building, this having been deemed necessary on account of the recent smallpox scare in Hartford when school was dismissed and all the pupils and teachers were quarantined for a period of three weeks.

The flue pipes were removed from the stoves, into each of which a quantity of sulphur was put, saturated with alcohol and set afire. All the doors were then closed, to get the full benefit of the fumes.

Mr. Reuben Bennett, who was employed to do the work, left the building for the day, but returned late in the evening, looked around the building and in at the windows, but saw nothing alarming; no signs of fire. This was the last notice taken of the building until it was discovered to be ablaze.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Hartford was called to assemble at the court house Monday night to take over and formulate plans for the erection of a new school building to be erected on the site of Hartford College. Mr. H. P. Taylor was chosen as chairman of the meeting. A number of talks were made by prominent citizens and school patrons, the gist of which was that a splendid new building, of modern construction, should take the place of the old. Hartford College was too famous an institution to allow to pass away with the ashes of the fire. By co-operation with the County Board of Education, the interests of the County High School and Graded School could be merged and a building erected for the accommodation of both, and the expense of same shared. The burned building cost about \$20,000, was insured for \$8,000. There is, we understand, about \$2,500 in the school fund. The insurance has not yet been adjusted.

At the conclusion of the talks, Chairman Taylor appointed the following committee to confer with the County School Board relative to assistance in the matter of rebuilding: Messrs. John T. Moore, Judge J. S. Glenn, Mayor James H. William, Postmaster M. L. Heavrin, County Attorney C. E. Smith, C. M. Barst, and the chairman was also requested to include himself in the committee. On motion of Attorney John B. Wilson, the Board of Trustees of Hartford College was also included as a part of the committee.

The County Board and the committee will meet at Supt. Leach's office next Monday, at which time the latter will be gone over and plan for rebuilding taken up.

Death of Mrs. Leach.

Ms. Rebecca M. Leach, widow of Mr. J. L. Leach, deceased, died at her home near Beda, on Sunday, June 23d, and was buried at the family graveyard the following day.

Mrs. Leach is survived by one son, a brother, Mr. J. A. C. Park, two sisters, Mrs. W. C. Bennett, of Beda and Mrs. Robert Davis. She was eighty-six years of age and had been in ill health several years.

She had visited in Hartford at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Ernest Woodward, and at the home of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Josephine Park, and was much loved for her sweet, Christian character.

Rev. Wesley, of the M. E. Church, her pastor, conducted the funeral services, which were attended by quite a number of friends and relatives from Hartford.

Aquittal Ends Old Feud.

Madisonville, Ky., June 22.—A verdict of acquittal was brought in by the jury in the case of Thomas Woodward, slayer of Roy Blanks at Nortonville in February. This ends an old feud existing for many years.

The boy's father and Blanks had been enemies, and Blanks had repeatedly threatened the lives of both father and son.

For Sale—Town property, vacant lots, cottages and two-story dwelling.

A. C. YEISER & CO.,  
Hartford, Ky.

## CIRCUIT COURT NOTES.

Com'th. vs. Will Langford—jury failed to agree and prosecution discontinued.

Com'th. vs. Herman Vick, et al.—execution of judgment suspended.

Com'th. vs. Murray Crowe, &c.—verdict of jury, \$100 fine and 60 days in jail as to Murray Crowe and \$30 fine against Stout Lamb. Failing to pay or replevy the fines, they were each remanded to jail.

Com'th. vs. Will Lankford, in prosecution number 4942—plea of guilty and law and facts to the Court and fined \$60.

Com'th. vs. H. H. Pierce—plea of guilty and law and facts to the Court and fined \$60.

Com'th. vs. Ell Wright—plea of guilty, law and facts to the Court and fined \$60.

The grand jury before final adjournment last Thursday, returned 26 indictments, classified as follows:

Carrying concealed a deadly weapon, 7; injuring schoolhouse, 1; gaming, 2; fornication, 1; adultery, 1; using abusive or insulting language, 1; selling liquor, 1; cutting in sudden heat and passion, 2; disturbing public worship, 1; shooting at random, 1; false swearing, 1; residing on houseboat without license, 3; breaking into railroad car, 1, and breach of the peace, 1.

Subscribe for The Hartford Herald.

## WHITE MAN AND NEGRO ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED

### In Rough River Near Palo —Heavily Loaded Skiff Overturned.

As the result of the capsizing of a skiff on Rough river, near what was formerly Palo, this county, on Mr. Joe Maiden's farm, Charles Lewis, white, a fisherman and trapper, and Sam Jackson, colored, a laborer, were drowned. The accident occurred about 11 o'clock Friday morning, and the body of the white man was recovered about an hour later, while that of the negro was found Sunday evening by Mr. J. Y. Hagerman.

The men were members of a camping party from Whitesville, who had intended spending the week on Rough river, the negro being taken along as camp cook. On reaching the river, Lewis, R. E. Knox, the druggist at Whitesville, and the negro loaded a part of the camp outfit in a skiff and started across the river, which is about seventy-five feet wide at that point, and very deep.

When near the middle of the stream, the heavy load of the boat caused it to capsize, and the three men were thrown into the water. It was known that Lewis was an expert swimmer, but he went down with the skiff and was not seen again until his body was recovered. Dr. M. A. McDonald, who was standing on the bank of the river, called to Knox and the negro, telling them to hold on to a large box that was floating by the skiff.

Both of the men caught the box, but the negro a moment later turned it loose, and shortly after disappeared beneath the surface of the water. Dr. McDonald, still calling to Knox to hold to the box, jumped into the river and swimming out to the box, managed to push it ashore, along with Mr. Knox.

Mr. Knox was unable to swim, but Lewis, who was drowned, had spent a great deal of time on the river and was regarded as an excellent swimmer. Lewis was a man about sixty years of age and had lived at Whitesville for the past ten years. During the first of his stay there he was a painter, but had recently been spending most of his time hunting, trapping and fishing.

General Dealers in Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Harness, Stoves, Ranges, Oil Stoves, Farming Implements and Repairs of all kinds.

## LIKENS & ACTON

Hartford, Kentucky.

## SUMMER FOOTWEAR

### WHITE OXFORDS

For Ladies, Misses and Children. Also White Shoes.

### TAN PUMPS

### GUN METAL PUMPS

### Patent Oxfords and Pumps

### GOOD OLD EVERY DAY EASY FOOTWEAR

For Women who need to rest their feet.

We have the style you want at the price you want to pay.

### Our Men's and Boys' Oxfords

Are right in style, quality and price—Tans, Patents, Kids and Guns.

The famous King Quality make, \$3.50 \$4.00 and \$5.00. Select your shoes now before your size is all sold.

### E. P. Barnes & Bro.,

BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

*The Hartford Herald*

**Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table at Beaver Dam, Ky.**  
 North Bound. South Bound.  
 No. 132—4:05 a.m. No. 121—11:35 p.m.  
 No. 122—12:28 p.m. No. 101—2:48 p.m.  
 No. 102—2:48 p.m. No. 131—8:55 p.m.  
 J. E. Williams, Agt.

## THE GIRL WITH \$90,000 BOND

Was Great Mainstay in Working Circles.

CAKE FROM RANKS OF WEALTH To Cast Her Lot With the Working Poor for Labor's Sake.

WAS A ROMANTIC PERSONAGE

In the July American Magazine, Ida M. Tarbell reports the life story of Carola Woerishoffer, a rich New York girl who refused to live the life of luxury provided for by her wealth and devoted her life to the struggle for the improvement of the conditions of work for women and girls who have to earn a living. At one period she worked for four months in a laundry under exactly the same conditions that were imposed upon the other workers. Later she threw herself into the trade union movement for women, and during the great shirt-waist strike in the fall of 1909 she had an opportunity to show what her loyalty to trade unionism really was. Miss Tarbell goes on to say:

"It will be remembered that at the very start of this strike the police began to arrest the girls generally and in many cases for practically no cause. It soon became evident that unless bail could be furnished at a moment's notice, hundreds of young girls would be thrown into jail for indefinite periods. The courts demanded real estate security and there was a great hurrying to and fro among the officers of the League for help. Carola at once set out to relieve the situation. Her mother co-operated with her and for one dollar, transferred to her daughter real estate to the value of \$90,000. There was a sensation in the court room when she appeared with her \$90,000 bond, and made it known that she would remain in court as long as the strike lasted and would see that the girls got fair play."

"Her success in escaping newspaper notoriety at this time was amazing. 'There she was,' says Helen Marot, 'by all precedent the hero of the hour, a romantic personage, her bond veritable fairy wand, releasing the girls from the dreaded confinement of prison walls and evil associations. But Carola's integrity was greater than her romanticism. Before the first day was over, by sheer force of character she had turned the attention from herself to the strikers. She disarmed the girls in their expression of gratitude. She even performed a superhuman feat with the press. Without exception, every reporter sacrificed an opportunity to turn in 'copy,' and copy which he knew would have first place and several days' run. They took from her instead stories about the strike, and during that thirteen weeks she promised and gave them material, telling them that if they published her name they would never have another story from her."

"Her position as bondsman did not end with the shirt-waist strike. From that time to the time of her death she was appealed to by striking unions—boxmakers, cloakmakers, cordage workers, tailors, white goods workers—to go their bond. She let it be known where she could be found day and night and never refused a call at any hour. Her expression in the shirt-waist strike made her realize the need of a fund for emergencies in time of strike. 'Don't you think it would be a good thing to have a strike fund started?' she said casually one day to Miss Marot. 'I have received an unexpected dividend, and will make the first contribution.' From her tone, Miss Marot thought that her contribution would be possibly \$500. She handed her a check for \$10,000. It was with that check that the Strike Council was organized."

NOW WE HAVE NO MORE PUBLIC DRINKING CUPS

The sanitary law passed at the recent session of the Legislature, which forbids the use of common drinking cups in stores, railroad passenger cars, railroad stations,

schools, steamboats, boarding houses, restaurants and other public places, went into effect on June 12. The law also provides that placards in large type, and containing the main provisions of the law, must be posted in a prominent position in the places mentioned. It is expected and hoped that the strict enforcement of the provisions of this wise measure will prevent in a marked degree the number of cases of dangerous contagious diseases, as tuberculosis, catarrh, bronchial and many other forms of illness which are often traceable to the use of a common utensil for drinking.

Good Things in the July Lippincott's.

Lippincott's has no problems to solve, no continued stories to hinder, and it appeals to you just when you most want it—all of which helps to explain the reason for its fifty-some years of continued popularity. In particular is the July issue of the right sort, every page breathing a spirit in harmony with recreation days.

The never-failing complete novel is a diverting one from H. de Vere Stacpoole, who wrote "The Blue Lagoon," "The Crimson Azaleas," and other books of pleasing memory. His new story, "Molly Beamanish," deals with high life in England a century or more ago. In color, in life, in daintiness, and in charm it can be compared only with "Beauchair"—and it does not suffer in the comparison. "Molly" is the adorable daughter of a poverty-stricken but devil-may-care Irish knight, hard put to it to maintain his position in society. In their trouble they are floated by the rural aristocracy of the place where they are staying, but Molly is spunky and carefully presents to them several Rolands for each of their Olivers. Yet the odds are fearfully against the girl, and it looks as if she were going to be ignominiously routed, when—well, something happens. It would be a shame to explain here what that something is, and thus give away the clever plot prematurely.

The short-stories in the number are as varied in theme as they are entertaining in motive.

A patriotic paper of importance is "The Poet of the Flag," by La Salle Corbell Pickett. The poet is of course Francis Scott Key, and the story of his life and how he wrote "The Star-Spangled Banner" amid the din of battle makes thrilling reading. The third and last of Hubert Bruce Fuller's extraordinary series of articles on "How Congress Squanders Our Money" has to do with "Our Rapidly Increasing Appropriations and Their Removal." Shorter papers are "The Tyranny of Speed," by Katz Masterson; "False Realism," by Herman Scheffauer; "The Panama Canal," by George L. Knapp; "Woman's Foot," by Bessie L. Putnam; and "Jumboism," by W. B. Blake. Edward Sherwood Meade's financial article this month is on "Industrial Bonds."

There is no horse liniment more effective for animal flesh than BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT, nor is there any healing remedy for the human body only, that is milder or more efficacious in its action. It heals the sores or wounds of man and beast. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hartford Drug Co., Hartford, Ky., Donovan & Co., Beaver Dam, Ky.

MARRIES SON-IN-LAW IN DEAD DAUGHTER'S GOWN

Lebanon, Ohio, June 21.—George Hackman, a prominent farmer of Salem Township, secured a license to wed his mother-in-law yesterday, and a few hours later Mrs. Anna Winkler became his wife.

Hackman's first wife died several years ago, and of late he has been paying court to her mother, who is ten years his senior, but is very attractive.

The wedding was one of the old-fashioned kind and took place in the orchard on the same spot where Hackman first launched into the matrimonial sea.

The bride wore the same dress which attired her daughter 19 years ago at a similar ceremony.

Hackman's children were attending at the wedding of their grandmother, who became their mother.

ACCORDS A FAITHFUL TRIBUTE TO THE ONION

Great Weekly at a Low Price. The Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer, a twelve-page paper recently transformed into the size and appearance of a daily, will be furnished in connection with the Hartford Herald at only \$1.35 for the two papers. This price stands good on renewals for The Herald. The Weekly Enquirer is an ideal newspaper, containing a big variety of reading and is especially suited to the farming classes. It is Democratic and progressive. This is certainly a low price for a lot of good reading.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

POEMS YOU'LL ENJOY.  
 The Herald's Special Selections.

THE ATAVISTIC CHILD.

[John L. Alexander says that badness in children is only their way of repeating stages of former evolutions.]

When Willie hurls a boulder through the parlor window pane,

Don't whip him with a belt strap or a cudgel or a cane.

'Tis but a bark back to the days when we were running wild, And Willie for the moment is a lusty stone age child.

If Ernest strikes some matches and the stable's soon ablaze, Don't thrash him till he promises that he will mend his ways.

'Tis probably a throwback to the days of Nero's Rome, Or once he was the person who burned down Diana's home.

If Reginald while playing gets into a wicked fight And blackens his little neighbor's eyes and makes him quite sight, It is but evolution reproduced—the bonny chap

Is simply being governed by a prehistoric scrap.

If Jimmy comes home plastered with a heavy coat of mud, Don't let the ruined clotting send a wildness through yer blood. Although it seems to you to be a reckless boyish lark, It's really an impulse from the landing of the ark.

Dear parents, do not spank them for their mischief ad their pranks—

The facts brought out by science do not justify the spank:

But Nature has a system hat will even things somehow;

For this some one will trash his child ten thousand yrs from now.

The July American Magazine.

The leading feature in the July American Magazine is a new story by Rudyard Kipling entitled "The Benefactors." It is a story founded on the coal strike in England and is interesting because it presents with great power the reaction's view of the thing. It is really warning to labor.

A remarkable article in this issue of the magazine is the story of Carol Woerishoffer by Ida M. Tarbell. Carol Woerishoffer was a rich New York girl who decided to live a life of luxury, and then herself into certain useful activities with resultant interesting experiences and adventures with Miss Tarbell describes intimately and entertainingly.

Ray Stannard Baker, Seator La Follette, Walter Pritchard Eaton and Hugh S. Fullerton contribute other articles. Notable fiction is contributed by Kathleen Norris, Olive Higgins Prouty, Julie Wilbur Tompkins and H. G. Wells.

Abe Martin, Indiana's funny man, writes a piece about the old-fashioned Fourth of July, and F. P. Dunne writes an amazingly able and moving editorial on the Titanic disaster.

Each age of our lives has its joys. Old people should be happy, and they will be if Chamberlain's Tablets are taken to strengthen the digestion and keep the bowels regular. These tablets are mild and gentle in their action and especially suitable for people of middle age and older. For sale by all dealers.

For Sale, Sixty-five acres of well improved land in Rough river bottoms, 2½ miles west of Hartford. For further particulars, address X, care of The Herald.

It is now well known that not more than one case of pneumatis in ten requires any internal treatment whatever. All that is needed is a free application of Chamberlain's Liniment and massaging the parts at each application. Try it and see how quickly it will relieve the pain and soreness. Sold by all dealers.

It is a special creation to tempt the palate of a weary world. It proves the futility of man's wisdom. He might have guessed at everything else under the sun, but he would have never guessed an onion.

KILL the onion and you leave a gap in the universe. Kill anything else and there is a substitute. The potato is akin to the cereals, squash and cabbage and turnips and cauliflower are of the same family, beans are elongated pees, the lemon is a pessimistic orange, beef re-incarnated grass, watermelons just the survivors of a fallen cucumber, and so on. But the onion is sui generis, alone, unique, triumphant.

It is a special creation to tempt the palate of a weary world. It proves the futility of man's wisdom. He might have guessed at everything else under the sun, but he would have never guessed an onion.

It is possible for a pitcher to throw only twenty-seven balls in a

Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Scalds or Sores on the hands or body should be healed quickly or they may become troublesome and hard to cure.

## BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT

Is a Healing Remedy of Great Power in All Wounds or Abrasions of the Flesh.

It mends the lacerated flesh speedily, prevents the formation of pus, and in all minor injuries heals without leaving a scar.

As a pain relief in rheumatism, neuralgia, stitch in the side, sciatica and lame back, it acts promptly and effectively. Rubbed in where the pain is located, it penetrates the flesh to the bone, conveying a warming and easing influence that is very gratifying to the sufferer. It relieves chilblains, frost bites, galls, chafed spots, contracted muscles, ivy poisoning, stings of insects, swellings. It is a grand family liniment, good for all manner of ailments of the flesh, and should be kept in every home.

Put Up in Three Sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per Bottle.

JAMES F. BALLARD

PROPRIETOR

ST. LOUIS, MO.

For Diseases or Ailments of the Eyes, Stephens Eye Salve is an Effective Remedy. It Eases Pain and Cures Permanently.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

HARTFORD DRUG CO. HARTFORD, KY., DONOVAN & CO., BEAVER DAM, KY.

Science may deduce a new star before it becomes visible, or radium before its discovery, but this succulent, fragrant, starry vegetable would have gone uninvited forever, had not its own insinuating, yet not bashful qualities forced themselves into tear-brimmed eyes and liquefied anticipatory lips. With what a mixture of gratitude and awe should we view the spectacle of nature turning her energies to the transmuting of mere clay into a vegetable with an artistic temperament, and he weakened in the ninth and allowed five runs—showing that the strain was too great even for a man of his marvelous power and endurance.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES ARE IN GOOD CONDITION

Washington, June 22.—Crop conditions in general on June 1 averaged for the United States slightly better (0.3 per cent) than on same date last year, but moderately lower (1.7 per cent) than the average June 1 condition of recent years.

Crops as a whole were above average in the North Atlantic States, due mostly to favorable hay prospects and in the far Western and Northwestern States, being particularly favorable in Oregon. They were below average in Southern States, and in the North Central States east of the Mississippi river. In the North Central States west of the Mississippi conditions were slightly above average.

The conditions of various crops compared with their average condition on June 1 was as follows: Apples, 110.2; pears, 108.7; peaches, 108.5; cantaloupes, 101.8; cabbage, 101.4; watermelons, 101.8; lima beans, 100.3; onions, 100.1; rice, 97.8; sugar beets, 96.0; raspberries, 95.7; sugar cane, 90.7; blackberries, 90.2.

When your child has whooping cough, be careful to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as may be required. This remedy will also liquify the tough mucus and make it easier to expectorate. It has been used successfully in many epidemics and is safe and sure. For sale by all dealers.

The July Woman's Home Companion.

An interesting feature of the July Woman's Home Companion is an article entitled "The Fatal Penny" by Mary Heaton Vorse, in which the author reports many startling facts about the dangers that children undergo who buy cheap candy, cheap ice cream, and other impure sweets sold to youngsters for one cent.

In the same number appear the letters descriptive of vacations which won prizes in the "Real Vacation" contest.

Other interesting contributions to the July Companion are: "The Spiritual Message of Nature," a sermon by Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, of Broadway Tabernacle; "The Friendly Summer Trees" by Frank A. Waugh, of the Massachusetts Agricultural College; "Tempting Hot-Weather Dishes" by Fannie Merritt Farmer; "Summer Time Books" by Jeanette L. Gilder, and a number of valuable articles in the regular Household, Fashion, Home Decoration and other departments.

The principal contributors of fiction are: Kathleen Norris, Eleanor H. Porter, Frederick M. Smith, Mary Brecht Pulver and Mary Heaton Vorse.

A sprained ankle may as a rule be cured in from three to four days by applying Chamberlain's Liniment whatever. All that is needed with each bottle. For sale by all dealers.

HE THREW 88 BALLS IN A NINE-INNING GAME

In an article on "How to Win Baseball Games," published in the July American Magazine, Hugh S. Fullerton says:

"It is possible for a pitcher to throw only twenty-seven balls in a

nine-inning game. No accurate record of the smallest number of balls thrown in any game exists, as no one counts every ball in every game. I scored one game in which Ed Walsh pitched only eighty-eight balls, seven of which were foul, which I regard as remarkable. I saw Coombs pitch seventeen balls to one batter last summer. The greatest number of pitched balls I ever counted in a game was 211, George ('Rube') Waddell being the victim, and he weakened in the ninth and allowed five runs—showing that the strain was too great even for a man of his marvelous power and endurance.

In Stormy Weather, Too.

"Come my son," said the stern but fond parent, as he tore a shingle from the roof of the hen house and strode in the direction of the woodshed, "let us take a little trip."

"What kind of a trip?" nervously asked the dutiful son.

"Oh, we will go on a short whaling trip."

Blisters on the hands, burns, scalds, old sores, lame back and rheumatism are all subject to the great healing and penetrating power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It is a marvelous pain relief. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hartford Drug Co., Hartford, Ky., Donovan & Co., Beaver Dam, Ky.

Good.

Friend—Then you had a satisfactory season?

Theatrical Manager—Very! Two of our most antagonistic critics died.

There is no real need of anyone being troubled with constipation. Chamberlain's Tablets will cause an agreeable movement of the bowels without any unpleasant effect. Give them a trial. For sale by all dealers.

Reason for Haste.

"I understand that T. A. Edison says that concrete shoes will be all the rage soon."

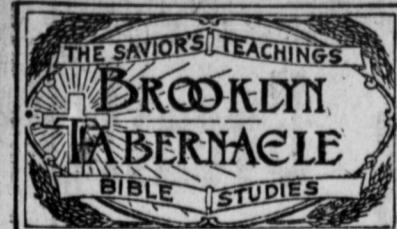
"Gee! I guess I'll speak to your father right away."

President Taft vetoed the army bill and accompanied it with a sharp message against attaching special legislation to appropriation bills.

Should Convince Every Hartford Reader.

The frank statement of a neighbor, telling the merits of a remedy bids you pause and believe.

The same endorsement By some stranger far away Commands no belief at all. Here's a Hartford case.



**REPROVE WORKS OF DARKNESS.**  
Ephesians v, 11-21—June 30.  
“Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging.”  
Proverbs xxv, 1.

**L**Ight and darkness are used as figures and as synonyms for truth and untruth, righteousness and sin. Thus, “God is Light and in Him is no darkness at all.” Thus also Jesus said, “I am the Light of the world.” Thus also He said to His followers when leaving them, “Ye are the light of the world.” “Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works and glorify your Father” in heaven.

On the contrary, Satan is styled the “Prince of darkness,” and his rule of unrighteousness is styled “the kingdom of darkness;” and those subject to his influence are styled “the children of darkness.” Evil works are styled “works of darkness.”

When our first parents sinned they forfeited fellowship with God and thus became children of “Works of darkness.” The Adversary, Jesus said to such in His day, “Ye are of your father, the Devil, because his works ye do.” (John viii, 44.) Thus our entire race came under the influence of the darkness of sin and death, which has lasted for 6,000 years.

We have the promise of a glorious morning when Messiah shall reign, when Satan shall be bound for a thousand years, when “the Sun of Righteousness shall arise with healing in His beams.” God’s promises respecting it are figuratively called “light,” and these constitute the Bible.

#### Light Reproves Darkness.

There are not many light-bearers in the world. The census reports 400,000 of Christians; but, alas, the vast majority give no sign of ever having seen the true light, and many of those who did receive it hid it.

Surely it is as true today as it was in Jesus’ day that a very small number of humanity, comparatively, have the true light. These are very precious to the Lord. He calls them His saints. His jewels, and tells us that at His second coming, prior to the setting up of His Kingdom to rule the world, they shall be gathered to Himself: “Then shall the righteous shine forth as the sun in the Kingdom of their Father” (Matthew xiii, 43), scattering all the darkness and miseries of sin, sorrow, ignorance and superstition. When the Father shall give these the Kingdom (Luke xii, 32), as joint-heirs with their Redeemer, the Prince of Darkness will be bound for a thousand years.

In today’s lesson the Apostle is explaining the responsibility of these light-bearers. They represent God in this dark world; they represent His Justice, Wisdom, Love and Power. They are not able to let all of this glorious light shine, but they can do much to bring in a twilight to some.

These are not expected to convert the world, but to find a sufficient number of similar characters to complete the foreordained membership in the Bride class. Faithfulness and zeal in this service will determine whether or not they will be worthy a place in the Kingdom and, if worthy, how high an honor!

We must “have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, but rather reprove them.” How searching! how positive! More than this: we must not be content with a negative opposition.

However wisely we may seek to fulfil these requirements, they are sure to bring the enmity, disfavor, disappointment of many we love. But as good soldiers of the Lord Jesus we must be loyal. He that is a hammed of the Master and His Word and the principles for which He stands, of him will the Savior be ashamed.

“Ye are the light of the world.” Evidently we may seek to fulfil these requirements, they are sure to bring the enmity, disfavor, disappointment of many we love. But as good soldiers of the Lord Jesus we must be loyal. He that is a hammed of the Master and His Word and the principles for which He stands, of him will the Savior be ashamed.

For Sale. Farms—all sizes, from 6 to 300 acres. We can please you if you want to buy land.

A. C. YEISER & CO.,  
Hartford, Ky.

## TREATMENT OF IVY POISONING

Which is Common at This Season of Year.

**EASILY PREPARED SOLUTION**  
Which Cures if Applied to Affected Parts With Ordinary Care.

#### A COMMON-SENSE TREATMENT

Poisoning the skin by poison ivy (*Rhus toxicodendron*) is frequent in the summer and the early autumn. Some fortunate persons are not susceptible, but most are poisoned if they come into direct contact with the plant.

The disorder causes discomfort always, and sometimes suffering. It shows itself within a few hours, with redness, heat and irritation of the skin, swelling and the formation of small vesicles. These vesicles may occur in great numbers. Often many also break and exude a sticky, yellowish serum. It is this fluid that by its escape spreads the disease to the adjacent skin or to the face and other parts of the body.

The swelling may be so considerable as completely to close the eyes. As a rule the acute symptoms continue several days, at the end of which time the vesicles either discharge or crust over and the swelling and redness slowly disappear. In this stage the itching may be intense and is likely to provoke repeated scratching, which may in turn bring about eczema.

The best way to treat ivy poisoning is simple. The inflamed skin should be copiously washed with lukewarm water and a soap that does not irritate. The parts affected should then be bathed with a watery solution of permanganate of potash as hot as can be borne. If the skin is broken, 1 per cent solution should be used; if the skin is not broken, however, the strength of the solution may be increased up to 2 or 3 per cent. Treatment should begin the instant symptoms are observed.

In mild cases one treatment is enough. Occasionally the poison is more deeply seated and the permanganate must be applied for some time. In these cases and in the extremely rare instances of systemic infection due to the entrance of the poison into the circulation, a physician should be called.

The patient must avoid scratching, of course. Bandages are undesirable because they tend to spread the poison over the surrounding skin. If any protector is needed, let it be a loosely applied dressing of absorbent cotton and gauze, changed frequently and kept moist at all times with warm water containing a little bicarbonate of soda.

Permanganate of potash discolors everything with which it comes in contact and stains the skin a deep brown color, but that is a small price to pay for the relief it affords. The stain will wear off in a few days or it can be removed by vigorous applications of soap and water. In the healing stages of the disorder, soothing ointment may be used.—[Youth’s Companion.]

For Sale. Farms—all sizes, from 6 to 300 acres. We can please you if you want to buy land.

A. C. YEISER & CO.,  
Hartford, Ky.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Gov. McCreary appointed Judge S. W. Hager, of Owensboro, to be the Democratic member of the State Board of Election Commissioners.

## AN OLD ADAGE SAYS

“A light purse is a heavy curse.”  
Sickness makes a light purse.

The LIVER is the seat of nine tenths of all disease.

**Tutt's Pills**  
go to the root of the whole matter, thoroughly, quickly safely and restore the action of the LIVER to normal condition.

Give tone to the system and solid flesh to the body.

Take No Substitute.

**FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR NEURITISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

#### BIBLE STUDY COUPON.

Bible and Tract Society, 17 Hicks Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Kindly send me the Bible Studies marked below:  
“Where Are the Dead?”  
“Forgivable and Unforgivable Sins.”  
“What Say the Scriptures Respecting Punishment?”  
“Rich Man in Hell.”  
“In the Cross of Christ We Glory.”  
“Most Precious Text”—John 3:16.  
“End of the Age is the Harvest.”  
“Length and Breadth, Height and Depth of God’s Love.”  
“The Thief in Paradise.”  
“Christ Our Passover Is Sacrificed.”  
“The Risen Christ.”  
“Forsooth and Election.”  
“The Desire of All Nations.”  
“Paradise Regained.”  
“The Coming Kingdom.”  
“Sin Atonement.”  
“Spiritual Israel — Natural Israel.”  
“The Times of the Gentiles.”  
“Gathering of the Lord’s Jewels.”  
“Thrust In Thy Sickle.”  
“Weeping All Night.”  
“What Is the Soul?”  
“Electing Kings.”  
“The Hope of Immortality.”  
“The King’s Daughter, the Bride.”  
“Calamities—Why Permitted.”  
“Pressing Toward the Mark.”  
“Christian Science Unscientific and Unchristian.”  
“Our Lord’s Return.”  
“The Golden Rule.”  
“The Two Salvations.”  
Name .....  
Street .....  
City and State.....

Upon receipt of the above coupon we will send any one of these Bible Studies FREE; any three of them for 5 cents (stamps) or the entire 31 for 25 cents. SEND AT ONCE TO BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY, 17 Hicks St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### THE WORD HELL.

#### A Little Book That Contains Some Startling Information.

A little book selling at only ten cents, postpaid, is having a very wide circulation—running up into the millions. It contains some very startling information respecting the meaning of the word Hell. It claims to demonstrate, both from the Hebrew and the Greek of our Bible, that Hell is NOT a place of eternal torment, but merely another name for the TOMB, the GRAVE, the STATE OF DEATH. It affects to show that man was not redeemed from a far-off place of eternal torture, but quotes the Scriptures proving that he was REDEEMED from the GRAVE at the cost of his Redeemer’s LIFE and that the Scriptural Hope, both for the Church and the World, is a resurrection hope based upon the death and resurrection of Jesus. The book is certainly worth the reading. The information it furnishes is certainly valuable, far beyond its trifling cost. Order it at once from the Bible and Tract Society, 17 Hicks street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### 3 SPIRITISM SAID TO BE DEMONISM.

A most interesting little brochure has recently come of the press setting forth with Bible proofs that the communications received by and through Spiritist Mediums is of Demon origin. The writer traces his subject through the Scriptures from the time when certain of the holy angels became disobedient. He proves from the Scriptures that these fallen spirits personate the human dead, with whose past history, spirits, though invisible, are thoroughly acquainted. He shows that they also frequently personate the Creator and the Redeemer, commanding their deceived ones to pray, do penance, etc. This, however, is merely to lead them on and to bring them more thoroughly under demonical control. Sometimes by breaking down the natural barrier, the human will, they possess their victim, and rule him more or less to his ruin—frequently sending such to the mad-house. Numerous illustrations, Scriptural and otherwise, are given. The price of the little book is but ten cents; it should be in the hands of all interested in Spiritualism or who have friends interested therein. Enclose five two-cent stamps to the Bible and Tract Society, 17 Hicks street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### 1 MESSIAH'S KINGDOM.

#### The Glorious Day of Divine Favor Is Nearing.

The period in which sin is permitted has been a dark night to humanity, never to be forgotten; but the glorious day of righteousness and divine favor is soon to be ushered in by Messiah. He, as the SUN OF RIGHTEOUSNESS, shall arise and shine fully and clearly into and upon all, bringing healing and blessing, which will more than counterbalance the dreadful night of weeping, sighing, pain, sickness and death, in which the groaning creation has been so long. “Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the MORNING.”

For further LIGHT on the coming Kingdom send thirty-five cents for the Helping Hand for Bible Students, entitled, “THY KINGDOM COME.” Bible and Tract Society, 17 Hicks Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## THE FOUR HENRYS

One of the Most Dramatic of the Legends of France.

#### A MEETING AND A WARNING.

The Dire Prediction That Was Hurled at Them After a Duel in the Dark and the Way the Fatal Prophecy Became a Matter of History.

Of all the French historical legends there is none more dramatic than that pertaining to the “four Henrys.” The tradition is that on a wintry night as the rain fell in torrents an old woman who passed in the country for a witch and who inhabited a miserable cabin in the forest of St. Germain was aroused by a loud knocking at her door. She opened it and saw a cavalier, who requested hospitality. A scrap of cheese and a morsel of black bread were all she set before him.

“I have nothing more,” said she. “See, here is all that tithes, taxes, subsidies and other extortions have left me to offer distressed travelers, besides which my neighbors call me a witch and rob me of the produce of my little farm.”

“Tis a cruel situation,” said the young man, “and were I king of France I would suppress the taxes.”

“God bears you,” answered the old woman.

The cavalier was about to commence his repast when a fresh knock at the door restrained him. Again a gentleman, drenched with rain, demanded shelter.

“Is that you, Henry?” said the one.

“It is, Henry,” replied the other.

The old woman discovered from their conversation that they belonged to a numerous hunting party led by King Charles IX, and that they had been dispersed by a storm.

“My good woman,” said the second comer, “have you naught else to offer us?”

“Nothing,” was the reply.

“Well, then,” said the other, “we must divide it.”

The first Henry gave signs of refusal; but, observing the resolute eye and haughty bearing of the second, he replied in a tone of chagrin:

“Let us divide it, then.”

They sat down opposite each other, and one had already commenced cutting the bread with his dagger when a third blow was struck at the door. Again a young nobleman entered—again a Henry. The meeting was most singular.

The first Henry endeavored to hide the bread and cheese. The second replaced it on the table and set his sword by his side. The third Henry smiled.

“What? Will you spare me none of your supper, then?” said he.

“The supper,” said the first Henry, “rightly belongs to the first comer.”

“The supper,” said the second Henry, “belongs of right to him who knows best how to defend it.”

The third Henry colored and said haughtily, “Perhaps it rather belongs to him who knows best how to win it.”

At these words the first Henry drew his dagger, the two others their swords. They had scarce made a few passes when a fourth blow was heard at the door. The portal opened. A fourth Henry appeared.

At the sight of the naked swords the last comer drew his own and, taking the weakest side, fought vigorously.

The old woman, frightened, hid herself, and it was well that she did, for the swords dashed to pieces everything that came in their way. The lamp fell, was extinguished, and all four fought in the dark. The noise of the swords lasted for some time, but gradually died away. Then the old woman crept out of her hiding place, relit the lamp and beheld the four combatants stretched on the floor. She examined them. Fatigue had overcome them more than loss of blood.

They rose up one after another, ashamed of what they had done. “Come,” said one: “let us now sup with good humor and without quarreling.”

But on looking for the supper they perceived it lying on the floor, soiled with their feet and stained with blood.

The old woman, sitting in a corner, fixed her dark eyes on the authors of the mischief.

“Why do you look at us in that manner?” demanded the first Henry.

“I see your destinies written in your foreheads,” answered the injured woman.

The second Henry harshly commanded her to reveal them. The two others laughed outright.

With outstretched arms the old woman replied: “As you all four have been united in this cabin, you will all be reunited in one and the same destiny. As you have trodden underfoot and soiled with blood the bread of hospitality, you will trample underfoot and soil with blood the power of which you will partake. As you have impoverished and devastated this dwelling, you will devastate and impoverish France. As you have all four been wounded in the dark, you will all perish by treason and a violent death.”

These four Henrys were the four heroes of the legend—two as its chiefs and two as its enemies—Henry of Condé, poisoned at St. Jean d’Angely by his wife; Henry of Guise, assassinated at Blois by the Forty-five; Henry of Valois (Henry III.), assassinated by Jacques Clement at St. Cloud; Henry of Bourbon (Henry IV.), assassinated at Paris by Ravaillac.—New York Press.

Nothing is politically right which is morally wrong.—O’Connell.



The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and “Just-as-good” are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pergoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children’s Panacea—The Mother’s Friend.

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*Chas. Fletcher.*

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## LOOK ON THE FIRST PAGE

On the wrapper around your Herald. You will find a little yellow slip. It has printed on it your name and a date after it. The date shows when your subscription expires or when it did expire. This is all the book we keep of your subscription account, and there is no excuse for you not knowing just how you stand with THE HERALD. We are trying to get our subscription list on a strictly cash-in-advance basis, so as to avoid trouble and misunderstanding. We do not want to force the paper upon anybody against their will, but we want all that is due us. Please give this matter your very prompt attention. Look at that little yellow slip containing your name. It will tell you just what you need to know, without any explanation from us. If it is wrong in any way, let us know. Anyhow, please pay us what is due.

*The Hartford Herald***M. H. & E. RAILROAD TIME TABLE AT HARTFORD, KY.**

The following L. & N. Time Card is effective from Monday, Aug. 21st:

**North Bound—**  
No. 112 due at Hartford 7:19 a. m.  
No. 114 due at Hartford 3:40 p. m.  
**South Bound—**  
No. 115 due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.  
No. 113 due at Hartford 1:46 p. m.  
H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

**BIG DINNER AND GREAT MEET OF OLD SOLDIERS****Assemblage of Fifteen Grizzled Veterans Whose Ages Total 1065 Years.**

At a meeting of Company H, 11th Ky. Vol. U. S. A., at Mr. W. H. Smith's, near Paradise, Ky., on the 4th day of May, 1912, there were present the following old soldiers: W. H. Smith, Co. "I" 11th Ky., 70 years of age; J. N. Durall, Co. "H" 11th Ky., 68 years; H. C. McCracken, Co. "K" 11th Ky., 74; G. W. Allen, Co. "I" 11th Ky., 77 years; L. D. Gregg, Co. "D" Ind., aged 69 years; E. C. Shull, Co. "B" 26th Ky., 70 years; Sam Robertson, Co. "I" 11th Ky., 74 years; J. L. G. Thompson, Co. "G" 22d Ill. Cav., 76 years; R. J. Dobbs, Co. "B" 11th Ky., 71 years; John Combs, Co. "H" 11th Ky., D. E. Grant, Co. "I" 11th Ky., 69 years; W. M. Lewis, Co. "H" 11th Ky., 68 years; R. W. Casebeer, Co. "H" 11th Ky., 71 years; Michel Mason, Co. "F" 35th Ky., 65 years; L. Reid, Co. "C" 9th Ky., Vol. Inf't, C. S. A., (Orphan Brigade), 70 years.

There were fifteen all told. Their ages added amounted to 1,065, an average of 71 years. There were present about 75 soldiers and their friends who sat down to one of the best dinners that it has been the fortune of the writer to see in many years. Everything that heart could wish for was to be had for the asking, and it was seasoned with the old-fashioned hospitality that has made Kentucky famous throughout this broad country. Course after course followed each other in rapid succession, until one wondered where all the good things came from. Oh, it was immense! A good cornet band furnished fine music for the occasion.

After dinner there were several little talks made by the old veterans, all bearing on service in the armies in the war between the States. The day was happily spent, and each one vied with his neighbor in praising the dinner and the hospitality of comrade Smith and his noble family. We went home with our faith in humanity renewed after another instance in life where we saw the milk of human kindness slop over for the benefit of neighbors and friends. May the best of blessings attend comrade Smith and his family. May his days be long and happy and may his tribe increase to the honor of his county, State and Nation. L. REID.

**HOPEWELL.**

June 24.—Several of our citizens attended the Masonic picnic at Rockport last Saturday.

Mr. W. E. Johnson was in Hartford last Wednesday and Thursday finishing up the business of the grand jury.

Miss Girtie Moore, of Taylortown, spent a few days with Miss Margaret Taylor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cline Berryman, of Wysox, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Shull.

Messrs. Sherman Taylor and Harry Leach, of Ball Knob, visited in this neighborhood Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. H. L. Taylor and daughter, Miss Neva, of ——, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. J. R. Shull.

**McHENRY.**

June 22.—Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hocker, of this place, have returned from a trip to Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Pollock, of Graham, have been visiting relatives in this place recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Stewart have been spending a few days in Louisville.

Mrs. Joe Russell and children, of Louisville, who have been visiting her mother, Mrs. Duncan, have gone to Greenville, where they will visit Mrs. Russell's sister, Mrs. Ed Bailey.

Mrs. Jean Simpson has returned from a short visit to her daughter, Mrs. Carl Coots, of Martwick.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Nelson have returned from Louisville.

Miss Ella Johnson and Mr. Cecil Hoeker, of this place, were married Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, by Rev. Mr. Montgomery, of Central City, at the home of the bride. Miss

Anna Smith and Mr. Arthur Plummer were bridesmaid and groomsman. The bride's dress was elaborate white voile, and Miss Smith's was white over pink. The wedding march was played by Miss Lillian Tichenor. The bride and groom left immediately for Louisville.

Miss Mamie Robinson, of Central City, has been visiting friends here this week.

**BEAVER DAM.**

June 24.—The copious rains of late have revived the crops and enabled the farmers to finish setting tobacco and they are well on the way harvesting their wheat, which promises a good yield.

Mr. R. B. Stevens, of El Paso, Texas, arrived this week to visit his father and other relatives and friends. His wife came with him as far as Memphis, where she stopped to visit her mother and father who live near that city. She will join her husband next week here, where they will spend the summer. Mr. Stevens tells us that the war spirit that prevails in Mexico is anything but settled and they have perilous times along the border of Texas. He also tells us that in coming through Texas he saw as fine wheat, growing, as were ever seen in that state.

Miss Jessie Fraser, of Pennsylvania, is visiting her father at the Tucker hotel this week.

Miss Lizzie Maddox, of Owensboro, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Ora Maddox, this week.

Mrs. Claude Myers, of McHenry, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ray Tichenor.

Our town was full of visitors Saturday evening to witness the ball game played by the Morgantown and Beaver Dam boys. We understand the Beaver Dam boys were winners by one score. The game was enjoyed by all present and the Morgantown boys left in fine humor.

**Notice.**

The Hartford Mill Co. has in stock everything that it takes to build a complete residence. Some material cheaper than ever before. Your order will have prompt and special attention. 20tf

**SIMMONS.**

June 24.—Crops are looking fine since the rain.

A protracted meeting is being carried on here by Revs. Dockery and Keith, of Butler county.

Mr. G. M. Phipps, who has been running a grocery store here for some time, has sold out to Mr. Fred Tatman.

Dr. Lake went to Beaver Dam Saturday on business.

Mr. L. F. Raley, who has been sick for some time, is convalescent.

Born to the wife of Wade Geary, on the 19th, a boy.

Mr. A. M. Smith, McHenry, was here Sunday.

**WYSOX.**

June 24.—We have had a nice rain and the crops look better.

We are having a very good attendance at Sunday School.

Mrs. James Brown is worse again.

Mrs. Susan Hunsaker is able to be up.

Mrs. Ina Willis, of Rochester, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jim Moore.

Mrs. J. N. Berryman was able to go to see her mother, Mrs. Louisa Taylor, who is still very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Cline Berryman and children visited Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Shull, of Hopewell, Saturday and Sunday.

**They Put an End to It.**

Charles Sable, 30 Cook St., Rochester, N. Y., says he recommended Foley Kidney Pills at every opportunity because they gave him prompt relief from a bad case of kidney trouble that had long bothered him. Such a recommendation, coming from Mr. Sable, is direct and convincing evidence of the great curative qualities of Foley Kidney Pills. The genuine Foley Kidney Pills are never sold in bulk, but put up in sealed bottles, enclosed in a yellow carton. Ask for Foley Kidney Pills. Refuse substitutes. For sale by all dealers.

**ADABURG.**

June 22.—Mr. C. L. Patton, wife and baby and Joshua Patton, of Adaburg, and Rollie Roach, of near Whitesville, spent the latter part of last week camping and fishing at the bend on Rough river. They report plenty of fish and a pleasant time.

We have had a bountiful rain which was very much needed.

Misses Susie and Zoda Raymon spent a few days last week with Miss Vadie Taylor, near Taffy.

Mr. W. A. Helm and son Tom were in Hartford Wednesday.

Mrs. Lora Graves, Owensboro, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Oscar Sapp, here.

Miss Oda Raymon, who has been visiting friends at Pleasant Ridge, has returned home.

A number from here will attend the dedication of Mt. Moriah church Sunday.

**MARSHALL.**

June 24.—Rev. Hickerson filled his regular appointment at New Bethel Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Bennett, of Owensesboro, attended church at New Bethel Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Chinn, of Pleasant Ridge, attended church at New Bethel and dined at Mr. J. D. Crowe's Sunday.

Mr. Napoleon Salmon went to Owensesboro Thursday on business.

Mrs. Calhoon and little daughter and Miss Lola Kincheloe, of Central City, visited Mrs. Calhoon's sister, Mrs. John Vanclue, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Sparks, of East Hartford, visited his brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Sparks, here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Turner, of Hartford, attended church at New Bethel Sunday.

Mr. Everett Salmon, of Owensesboro, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Salmon, here Sunday.

Misses Hallye and Cassandra Gray, Nina Wright and Lola Kincheloe, of Central City, and Mr. R. D. Gray attended church at New Bethel and dined with Mr. John Vanclue Sunday.

Gas in the stomach comes from food which has fermented. Get rid of this badly digested food as quickly as possible if you would avoid a bilious attack. HERBINE is the remedy you need. It cleanses and strengthens the stomach, liver and bowels, and restores energy and cheerfulness. Price 50c. Sold by Hartford Drug Co., Hartford, Ky., Donovan & Co., Beaver Dam, Ky.

**A. S. of E. Notice.**

The Ohio County Union of the A. S. of E. will convene at the court house in Hartford, June 28 and 29 instead of the first Friday and Saturday of July. All locals are earnestly requested to be fully represented.

L. B. TICHENOR, Pres.

HENRY M. PIRTE, Sec'y.

**No. 5792.****Report of the Condition of the First National Bank****OF HARTFORD**

At Hartford in the State of Kentucky at the close of business, June 14, 1912.

**RESOURCES.**

Loans and Discounts	\$ 61,674.33
Owed drafts, secured and unsecured	none
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	1,000.00
Debts in Suit	356.61
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	7,281.25
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	2,971.24
Due from approved Reserve Agents	25,031.85
Checks and other Cash items	107.51
Notes of other National Banks	1,000.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	119.01
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	\$ 5,339.55
Legal-tender notes none	5,339.55
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$ 131,131.35

**LIABILITIES.**

Capital stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00
Surplus Fund	12,500.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	2,936.07
National Bank Notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	2,516.67
Individual deposits subject to check	32,400.27
Time certificates of deposit	30,773.13
Liabilities other than those above stated	5.21
Total	\$ 131,131.35

State of Kentucky.)

County of Ohio.)

I, J. C. Riley, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. C. RILEY, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of June, 1912.

C. M. CROWE.

Notary Public.

My commission as Notary Public expires January 10, 1914.

Correct—Attest:

ALVIN ROWE,

J. P. STEVENS,

G. B. LIKES,

Directors.

**A Great Bargain-Giving Event!**

Began Friday, June 21, 1912

And will close on the Eve of July 4, at

**Centertown Mercantile Co., Centertown, Kentucky.**

Our buyer has just returned from the city and we are receiving each day merchandise for each department which we have bought at a price that enables us to offer to you new goods at astonishingly low prices. This is not a Clearance Sale, as we are not overstocked with old goods, but what we have too offer is New Merchandise picked up at a bargain.

We shall not undertake to go into details to give you here what we have for you, but ask you to come and be convinced.

**CENTERTOWN MERCANTILE CO., INCORPORATED**

**Centertown, - Kentucky.**

**GREAT HOME COMING!**

**And Reunion of Old Friends**

AT

**Centertown, - Ky.**